SUNSCREEN CHEMICALS AND MARINE LIFE

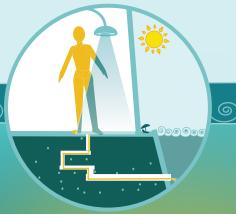
How sunscreen chemicals enter our environment:



The sunscreen you apply may not stay on your skin.



When we swim or shower, sunscreen may wash off and enter our waterways.



How sunscreen chemicals can affect marine life:



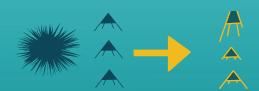
Chemicals in sunscreens that can harm marine life:



Oxybenzone, Octinoxate, Octocrylene, Benzophenone-1 Benzophenone-8, OD-PABA, 4-Methylbenzylidene camphor, 3-Benzylidene camphor, nano-Titanium dioxide. nano-Zinc oxide



GREEN ALGAE: Can impair growth and photosynthesis.



SEA URCHINS: Can damage immune and reproductive systems, and deform young.



CORAL: Accumulates in tissues. Can induce bleaching, damage DNA, deform young and even kill.



FISH: Can decrease fertility and reproduction, and cause female characteristics in male fish.



MUSSELS: Can induce defects in young.



DOLPHINS: Can accumulate in tissues and be transferred to young.

How we can protect ourselves and marine life:

Seek shade between 10 am & 2 pm, use Ultraviolet Protection Factor (UPF) sunwear, and choose sunscreens with chemicals that don't harm marine life.



Seek shade: 10am to 2pm













oceanservice.noaa.gov/sunscreen